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No. 33] NEW DELHI, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1950

## NOTICE

The undermentioned Gazette of India Extraordinary was published during the week ending the 15th November 1950 :—

S. No.	No. and Date	Issued by	Subject
1	S. R. O. 870, dated the 4th November 1950.	Ministry of Law	Adaptation of Laws (second Amendment) Order, 1950.

Copies of the Gazette Extraordinary mentioned above will be supplied on indent to the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi. Indents should be submitted so as to reach the Manager within ten days of the date of issue of this Gazette.

## PART II—Section 3

Statutory Rules and Orders issued by the Ministries of the Government of India (other than the Ministry of Defence) and Central Authorities (other than the Chief Commissioners).

## MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS

New Delhi, the 14th November, 1950.

**S.R.O. 909.**—In the Ministry of Home Affairs notification No. 9/49/50-Police I), dated the 12th August, 1950 for the words “in South Malabar District” read “in North Malabar District”.

[No. 9/49/50-Police (I).]

R. N. PHILIPS, Under Secy.

New Delhi, the 14th November, 1950.

**S.R.O. 910.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 2 of the Part 2 States (Laws) Act, 1950 (XXX of 1950), the Central Government is pleased to extend the Societies Registration (Amendment) Act, 1912 (Bombay Act II of 1912) to the State of Ajmer.

[No. 20/14/50-JUDL.]

E. C. GAYNOR, Deputy Secy.

# MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS

New Delhi, the 9th November 1950

S.R.O. 911.--The following draft of certain further amendments to the Indian Pilgrim Ships Rules, 1933, which it is proposed to make in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 213 of the Indian Merchant Shipping Act, 1923 (XXI of 1923), is published, as required by sub-section (3) of the said section, for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 30th November 1950.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date specified, will be considered by the Central Government.

## Draft Amendments.

In the said Rules—

(1) In the Table annexed to sub-rule (1) of rule 109, for the entry "Extract of meat in 2-oz. tins or jars.....1 lb", the entry "Bengers Food or Horlick's malted milk..... 16 ozs." shall be substituted;

(2) For Table 'A' annexed to rule 110, the following shall be substituted, namely —

### "TABLE A

#### Weight and measures of the British Pharmacopœia

Name of medicine, medical appliances or miscellaneous articles	Quantity per 100 pilgrims
Acridine powder . . . . .	$\frac{1}{2}$ drachm
Acidum, Boricum . . . . .	2 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.
Acidum Acetyl-Salicylicum . . . . .	5 Gr. tablets—4 dozen.
Acidum, Carbolicum Liquefactum . . . . .	1 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.
Acidum Sodium Phosphate . . . . .	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz.
Acidum, Sulphuricum Dilutum . . . . .	2/3 oz.
Adrenaline ampoules, $\frac{1}{2}$ c.c. each . . . . .	1 box of 12 per vessel.
Aether, anaesthetic, 20 c.c. phial . . . . .	3 per vessel.
Ammonii Carbonas . . . . .	1 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.
Amyl Nitrite capsules . . . . .	1 box of 2 per per vessel.
Antiphlogistine . . . . .	1 lb.
Argentum Nitras . . . . .	3 sticks $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. each per vessel with holder.
Atropine Sulph., Hypodermic tablets, Grain 1/150 . . . . .	$\frac{1}{2}$ tube of 25 tablets.
Argyrol (10 per cent solution) . . . . .	1 oz.
Brandy . . . . .	2 bottles per vessel.
Bismuthi Carb . . . . .	1 lb. per vessel.
Borax . . . . .	$\frac{3}{4}$ oz.
Caffeine Citras. . . . .	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz.
Calcilactas . . . . .	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz.
Calcium Gluconate, 10 p.c. . . . .	50 ampoules of 10 c.c. each per vessel.
Calomel . . . . .	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz.
Chloral hydras . . . . .	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz.
Chlorodyne . . . . .	3 ozs.

Chloroform, anaesthetic . . . . .	1½ oz.
Chloretono (Park Davis & Co) . . . . .	¼ oz.
Cocaine solution 1 p. o. . . . .	1 oz. per vessel.
Coramine . . . . .	six ampoules
Oreosotum . . . . .	½ oz.
Dextrosol powder . . . . .	1 lb.
Digoxin (B. & W.) . . . . .	100 tablets per vessel.
Distilled water ampoules, 10 c.c. each . . . . .	50 ampoules per vessel.
Digitalin, Gr. 1/100 . . . . .	16 tablets.
Emetine hydrochloride Gr. ½ . . . . .	1 tube of 25 tablets
Eserine . . . . .	10 Gr.
Ethyl Chloride . . . . .	1 tube.
Ephedrine Hydr. Tablets ½ grain . . . . .	50 tablets per vessel.
Extract Gentian . . . . .	1/8 oz.
Ferrous Sulphate . . . . .	40 tablets.
Glycerinum . . . . .	3 oz.
Glucose, 25 p. c. solution in 25 c. c. ampoules . . . . .	25 ampoules per vessel.
Glucose saline 5% glucose in normal saline in 25c.c. ampoules . . . . .	25 ampoules per vessel.
Gum acacia . . . . .	1 lb per vessel
Hydragryra <del>can-</del> <del>ereta</del> . . . . .	1 dr. per vessel
Hyoscin hydrobromide, tablets Gr. 1/100 . . . . .	2 tubes of 20 tablets per vessel
Insulin . . . . .	500 units per vessel
Linimentum Campherae compositum . . . . .	5 oz.
Liquid adrenalin Hydrochloride . . . . .	1 oz.
Liquid extract of Ergot . . . . .	½ oz.
Liquid paraffin . . . . .	½ lb.
Liquor Ammonii acetatis . . . . .	8 oz.
Liquor arsenicalis . . . . .	½ oz.
Liquor hydrargyri perchloridi . . . . .	½ oz.
Liquor hydrogenii peroxide . . . . .	6 ozs.
Liquor morphine hydrochloridi . . . . .	½ oz.
Liquor plumbi subacetatis fortis . . . . .	3 oz.
Magnesi carbonas . . . . .	½ oz.
Magnesi sulphas, in tins . . . . .	4 lbs.
Morphine hyp dormic tablets, Gr. 1/6 . . . . .	16 tablets.
Novocaine (one percent solution) . . . . .	1 oz.
Oleum menthae piperitae . . . . .	½ oz
Oleum ricini . . . . .	2½ pts.
Paludrine tablets (3 gm) . . . . .	10 doz.
Penicillin sodium crystalline G. . . . .	10 million units per vessel
Penicillin in oil and wax . . . . .	4 vials of 10 c. c. of 300,000 units in 1 c. c. per vessel.
Phenacetin . . . . .	½ oz.
Pituitrin 1 c. c. ampoules . . . . .	Box of 6 per vessel.
Potassii bromidum . . . . .	1½ oz.
Potassii citras . . . . .	2½ oz
Potassii Iodidum . . . . .	½ ozs.

Potassii Permanganas . . . . .	3 oz.
pulvis creta aromatic . . . . .	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz.
Pulvis ipecacuanhae, compositus in 5 gr. powder . . . . .	4 dozen.
Quinine bihydrochloride, 5 gr. in 1 c.c. ampoules . . . . .	4 ampoules.
Quinine sulphas in bulk . . . . .	$2\frac{1}{4}$ oz.
Santonin . . . . .	1/16 oz.
Sodii Bicarbonas . . . . .	2 oz.
Sodii salicylas . . . . .	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz.
Spiritus othere Nitrosi . . . . .	$2\frac{1}{2}$ oz.
Spiritus ammoniae aromaticus . . . . .	$1\frac{1}{2}$ oz.
Strychninae hydrochloridum, gr. 1/100 . . . . .	1 tube of 20 tablets per vessel.
Sulphadiazine . . . . .	500 tablets per vessel.
Sulphaguanidine . . . . .	1,000 tablets per vessel.
Sulphathiazole . . . . .	500 tablets per vessel.
Syrup Vasa . . . . .	6 oz.
Tannafax . . . . .	2 large tubes
Tincture Belladonna . . . . .	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz.
Tincture Benzoini composita . . . . .	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz.
Tincture Cardamomi composita . . . . .	1 oz.
Tinctura camphorae composita . . . . .	2 oz.
Tinctura hyoscyami . . . . .	2 oz.
Tinctura iodi (ethyl) . . . . .	2 oz.
Tincture Nucis Vomicae . . . . .	$1\frac{1}{2}$ oz.
Tincture opii . . . . .	$1\frac{1}{2}$ oz.
Tincture Quinine ammoniata . . . . .	$1\frac{1}{2}$ oz.
Unguentum gallica cum opio . . . . .	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz.
Unguentum hydrargyri ammoniati . . . . .	$\frac{2}{3}$ oz.
Unguentum hydrargyri oxidiflavi . . . . .	$2\frac{1}{2}$ oz.
Unguentum hydrargyri oxidiflavi (Ophthalmic) . . . . .	6 tubes of 1 drachm each per vessel.
Unguentum sulphuris . . . . .	$2\frac{1}{2}$ oz.
Unguentum zinci . . . . .	1 oz.
Urotropino . . . . .	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz.
Vaseline . . . . .	$2\frac{1}{2}$ oz.
Vinum ipecacuanhae . . . . .	$2\frac{1}{2}$ oz.
Whitfield's ointment . . . . .	$2\frac{1}{2}$ oz.
<i>Sera and Vaccines.</i>	
Anti-diphtheria serum . . . . .	100,000 units in 10 phials per vessel.
Anti-tetanus serum . . . . .	100,000 units in 10 phials per vessel.
Cholera vaccine . . . . .	200 doses per vessel.
Anti-plague vaccine . . . . .	$1\frac{1}{2}$ c.c. of Lister anti-plague vaccine or 4 c.c. of Haffkine anti-plague vaccine for every person on board declared unprotected.
Fresh vaccine lymph . . . . .	100 tubes per vessel.

(3) For the Table annexed to rule 111, the following Table shall be substituted, namely:—

TABLE

Name of disinfectants and instruments, etc.	Quantity or number per ship
<i>Disinfectants.</i>	
Bleaching powder (packed in jars)	20 lbs.
D. D. T. Powder 10%	10 lbs.
D. D. T. Solution (in kerosene) 5%	4 gallons.
Detiol	4 oz. per 100 pilgrims.
Methylated alcohol	5 gallons
Saponified cresol	50 gallons.
Sulphur	32 lbs.
Adhesive plaster or Elastoplast in lieu	1" wide 2 rolls 2" wide 1 roll 3" wide 1 roll.
Antiseptic gauze	1 lb. packet
Artery forceps (in addition to the one already supplied in pocket dressing case).	5
Bandages	1" one dozen 2" one dozen 3" two dozen.
Bard parker knife and packets of six assorted blades	1
Bed pan (metal)	6
Bed urinal -male	2
Female	1
Bottles	6 oz. 75 3 oz. 25.
Boxes, chip for ointment (1 oz. each)	24
Calico	2½ yds.
Catgut and needles in sealed glass tubes in different sizes	3
Catheter India rubber Nos. 2, 4, 6 and 10	1 set.
Catheter female rubber No. 8	1
Catheter silver (No. size)	1
Chloroform mask with mouth gag	1
Clinical thermometer (in addition to the one already supplied in pocket dressing case)	5
Corks for bottles	100
Cotton wool	1½ lb.
Dental syringe with three assorted needles	1
Douche can (1 quart with 6 ft. India rubber tubing and pinchcock)	1
Empty gelatin capsule	50
Enamelled bowl	2
Enamelled tray (round)	2
Enamelled tray (kidney shaped)	2
Enamelled feeding cups	2
Enema can	1
Esmarch's tourniquet	1
Eye cup	1

Instrument and other articles	Quantity or number per ship
Eye spud . . . . .	1
Flannel . . . . .	2 yds.
Forceps, dressing . . . . .	1 (additional to that in pocket case).
Glass measure, 16 oz. . . . .	1
Glass measure, 1 oz. . . . .	2
Glass measure 2 drachms . . . . .	2
Glycerine enema syringe . . . . .	1
Hand sprayer for D.D.T. solution 5 % . . . . .	2
Hand sprayer for D.D.T. powder 10 % . . . . .	1
Hot water bottle or bag . . . . .	2
Hypodermic syringe, 2 c. c. . . . .	6
Ice bag . . . . .	2
Ice chest (if no cold store room) . . . . .	1
Lint . . . . .	5 yds.
Mackintosh, rubber 3' X 3' . . . . .	12
Midwifery forceps . . . . .	1 pair.
Sinus Forceps . . . . .	1
Needles spare for hypodermic syringe . . . . .	2 c.c. 12.
Needle holder . . . . .	1
Papers for powders etc. . . . .	1 quire.
Penknife . . . . .	1
Pestle and mortar (Brass) . . . . .	1
Pestle and mortar (wedgwood) . . . . .	1
Pocket dressing case to contain 1 probe, 1 director, 1 female catheter, a clinical thermometer (in case), 1 pair of scissors, 1 dissecting forceps (plated), 6 suture needles, 1 artery forceps, 1 symes abcess knife, 1 straight and 1 curved bistuary in 1 handle, 1 lancet (bleading), silk thread for sutures 20 tubes . . . . .	1
Rubber gloves (standard 7 or 8) . . . . .	3 pairs.
Scales and weights (grains) . . . . .	1 set.
Scissors (shop) . . . . .	1
Spatula . . . . .	1
Spirit lamp, glass 2 ounces . . . . .	1
Splint (common) . . . . .	1 set.
Steriliser for surgical instruments, small . . . . .	1
Stethoscope . . . . .	1
Stomach tube with gag . . . . .	1
Stretcher (an efficient carrying stretcher of approved type preferable "Naval") . . . . .	1
Syringe, Car metal . . . . .	1
Syringe, enema, patent. . . . .	1
Syringe Record, 5 c.c. with 2 needles . . . . .	2
Syringe Record, 10 c.c. with 2 needles . . . . .	1
Syringe Record, 20 c.c. with 2 needles . . . . .	1
Sphygmomanometer . . . . .	1
Tongue depressor . . . . .	1
Tongue forceps . . . . .	1

Name or instrument etc.	Quantity or number per ship
Tooth forceps Universal . . . . .	1
Torch with battery cells . . . . .	1
Transfusion apparatus for intravenous saline and a sufficient supply of hypertonic saline in tablet form (200 Rogers tablets)	1
Weights (Grains) spare . . . . .	1 set.
<i>For Urine analysis.</i>	
Acetic Acid . . . . .	2 oz.
Acid Nitric conc. . . . .	2 oz.
Benedict's solution . . . . .	2 oz.
Litmus paper blue and red . . . . .	1 box of each.
Pipette . . . . .	1
Test tubes stand . . . . .	1
Test tubes . . . . .	12
Urinometer . . . . .	11
Urine glass . . . . .	1 „

[No. 410-AWT (H).]

LEILAMANI NAIDU, Dy. Secy.

### MINISTRY OF STATES

*New Delhi, the 7th November 1950*

**S.R.O. 912.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 2 of the Part C States (Laws) Act, 1950 (XXX of 1950), the Central Government is pleased to extend to the State of Kutch, the Bombay Weights and Measures Act, 1932 (XV of 1932), with the following modifications, namely:—

(1) Throughout the Act, for the word "Government", the words "**Chief Commissioner**" and for the words "Official Gazette", the words "**Gazette of Kutch**", shall, respectively, be substituted.

2. For section 2, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

"2 (1). It extends to the whole of the State of Kutch.

(2) The provisions of this Act, other than the provisions of Part IV shall come into force at once; the provisions of Part IV shall come into force on the 1st January 1951."

3. In section 3—

(a) Clauses (3), (4) and (12) shall be omitted.

(b) for clause (6), the following clause shall be substituted, namely,—

"(6) primary standards mean—

(a) in relation to weights the authenticated set of weights supplied to the Government of Kutch under sub-section (2) of section 4 of the Standards of Weight Act, 1939 (IX of 1939), and

(b) in relation to measures, the measures prepared and stamped under section 5."

4. For section 4, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

“4(1) The standard weights specified in the Standards of Weight Act, 1939 (IX of 1939), and the measures except dry measures described in the first Schedule shall be the weights and measures authorised to be used. These weights and measures are called standard weights and measures for the purpose of this Act.

(2) Any integral multiple or sub-multiple of a standard weight or measure may also be used if such multiple or sub-multiple is notified in that behalf in the Gazette of Kutch by the Chief Commissioner or by any authority or Officer empowered by him”.

5. For section 5, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

“5. For the purpose of verifying the secondary standard measures, the Chief Commissioner shall cause to be prepared such number of authenticated sets of standard measures as he may deem fit. They shall be stamped with such stamp and in such manner as the Chief Commissioner may approve. The standard measures so prepared and stamped shall be called primary standards”.

6. For section 6, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

“6. The primary standards shall be kept in the custody of such officer as the Chief Commissioner may direct. The primary standards of measures shall once at least in every period of five years be verified and if necessary adjusted or renewed by such authority and in such manner as the Chief Commissioner may direct”.

7. For section 7, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

“7. For the purpose of verifying the working standards, weights and measures in use in any area, the Chief Commissioner shall cause to be prepared such standard weights by reference to the primary standards of weight and such measures as he may direct. They shall be made of such material, weight, length, form and specification and in such manner as may be prescribed, and shall be stamped with a stamp approved by the Chief Commissioner. The standard weights and measures so prepared and stamped shall be called secondary standards”.

8. For section 8, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

“8 (1) The secondary standards shall be kept by such officers and at such place as the Chief Commissioner may direct.

(2) Once at least in every period of five years, such secondary standards shall be verified with the primary standards and shall be adjusted or renewed if necessary and shall be marked with the date of verification in the prescribed manner, by such officer as the Chief Commissioner may direct.

(3) A secondary standard which is not so verified, adjusted or renewed, and marked within the aforesaid period shall not be deemed legal and shall not be used for the purposes of this Act”.

9. In section 9—in sub-section (1)—

(a) the words “when they are not prepared at the mint” shall be omitted.

(b) In sub-section (2), the words “and such Municipalities and Local Boards” shall be omitted.

10. Section 11 shall be omitted.

11. In sub-section (1) of section 12, the words “in any area after this part shall have come into force in the said area” shall be omitted.



12. Section 17 shall be omitted.
13. For section 18, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

“18. The Chief Commissioner shall provide proper and sufficient means for verifying, adjusting and stamping weights and measures and weighing of measuring instruments in the City of Bhuj. Bhuj and at such other places as the Chief Commissioner may determine”.
14. In section 19, sub-sections (2) and (3) shall be omitted.
15. In section 20, the words ‘or the Municipality’ or ‘District Local Board’ as the case may be shall be omitted.
16. In section 21—
  - (a) in sub-section 2, the words “or by a Municipality or district Local Board empowered under section 17” and the words from “if such Inspector is one appointed by a Municipality” to “as he deems fit” shall be omitted.
  - (b) Sub-section (3) shall be omitted.
17. Section 24 shall be omitted.
18. In section 25—
  - (a) In sub-section (1) for the words from “or to the municipality or district Local Board” up to the end of the sub-section, the following words shall be substituted:—

“and the decision of such officer shall subject to the provisions of sub-section (2) be final”.
19. Section 26, shall be omitted.
20. In section 27—
  - (a) In sub-section (1), the words from “and with the previous sanction of the Government” to “secondary of working standards” shall be omitted.
  - (b) Sub-sections (2) and (3) shall be omitted.
21. Section 28, shall be omitted.
22. In section 29, the words “in all places in which this part shall come into force” shall be omitted.
23. In section 30, the words “or the municipality’ or ‘district Local Board as the case may be,” shall be omitted.
24. The second paragraph of sub-section (3) of section 41 shall be omitted.
25. Section 42, shall be omitted.
26. For Section 47, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

“47. *Repeal.*—(1) If immediately before the commencement of this Act, there is in force in the State of Kutch any law corresponding to this Act, such corresponding law is hereby repealed, provided that such repeal shall not affect—

  - (a) the previous operation of any such law;
  - (b) any penalty, forfeiture or punishment incurred in respect of any offence committed against any such law; or
  - (c) any investigation, legal proceedings or remedy in respect of any such penalty, forfeiture or punishment, and any such investigation, legal proceedings or remedy may be instituted, continued or enforced and any such penalty, forfeiture or punishment may be imposed as if this Act, had not been passed.

(2) The clause (L) and (i) of section 61, and section 177, of the Bombay Municipal Boroughs Act, 1925, as extended to the State of Kutch, are hereby repealed."

27. In the first Schedule, the portion relating to weights and dry measures shall be omitted.

28. The second Schedule shall be omitted.

[No. 187-J.]

S. NARAYANSWAMY, Dy. Secy.

## MINISTRY OF COMMERCE

### CENTRAL TEA BOARD

*New Delhi, the 18th November 1950*

**S.R.O. 913.**—In pursuance of section 4 of the Central Tea Board Act, 1949, (XIII of 1949), the Central Government is pleased to notify that Mr. C. J. Madden, M.B.E., Ladrum Estate, Peermade, nominated by the Association of Planters of Travancore shall be a member of the Central Tea Board *vice* Mr. C. J. Hall.

2. Mr. C. J. Madden shall hold office for a term of three years with effect from the date of this notification.

[No. 306(1)-Law(Tea)/50.]

A. T. BASU, Dy. Secy.

## MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND SUPPLY

*New Delhi, the 11th November, 1950*

**S.R.O. 914.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-clause (u) of clause 2 of the Iron & Steel (Control of Production and Distribution) Order, 1941, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Industry and Supply, No. I(1)-4(41), dated the 7th September 1950, namely:—

In the Schedule annexed to the said Notification, for the entry "Director of Supplies (Engineering), Directorate General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi.", the entry "Deputy Director of Supplies (Steel and Railway Cell), Directorate General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi." shall be substituted.

[No. I(1)-4(41)]

N. R. REDDY, Under Secy.

*New Delhi, the 14th November, 1950*

**S.R.O. 915.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Act, 1946 (XXIV of 1946), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Salt (Reserve Stocks) Order, 1950, namely:—

In para. 8 of the said order, *substitute* the words "twenty-five per cent." for "fifty per cent."

[No. Salt-14(8)/1950]

K. RAM, Dy. Secy.

## MINISTRY OF TRANSPORT

## PORTS

*New Delhi, the 11th November, 1950.*

**S.R.O. 916.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 3 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908 (XV of 1908) the Central Government is pleased to authorise Mr. G. J. Dhurandhar to pilot vessels in the Port of Bombay.

[No. 15-M(25)/50.]

T. S. PARASURAMAN, Deputy Secy.

## MINISTRY OF REHABILITATION

*New Delhi, the 5th November, 1950.*

**S.R.O. 917.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Influx from Pakistan (Control) Act, 1949 (XXIII of 1949), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Permit System Rules, 1949, namely —

For rule 29, the following rule shall be substituted, namely:—

“29(1). Every permit issued under these rules shall be liable to cancellation at any time, without any reasons being assigned:—

(a) by the issuing authority; or

(b) by the Central Government; or

(c) subject to the provision of sub-rule (2) by any officer of a State Government authorised in writing in this behalf by the Central Government.

(2) The Central Government may when authorising any officer of a State Government to exercise the powers conferred by sub-rule (1) impose such conditions and restrictions as may be specified in the authorisation.

(3) A notice of the cancellation of a permit under the rule shall be served upon the permit holder. If it is not possible to serve such notice personally upon the permit holder, the notice may be served by publication in the official Gazette.

(4) No person whose permit has been cancelled under sub rule (1) shall stay in India for a period exceeding fifteen days from the date of the service of notice of the cancellation of the permit.”

[No. III/PMT(X-105)/50-N(13).]

**S.R.O. 918.**—In pursuance of rule 29 of the Permit System Rules, 1949, the Central Government is pleased to authorise the Chief Secretary to the Government of Uttar Pradesh to cancel the permit for permanent return to the State of Uttar Pradesh of a recent migrant from that State, where he is of the opinion that the permit holder obtained the permit by furnishing information which was false or which the permit holder knew or believed to be false or did not believe to be true.

*Explanation.*—A recent migrant means a person who migrated from the State of Uttar Pradesh to West Pakistan between the 1st February, 1950 and the 31st May, 1950.

No. III/PMT(X-105)/50-N(14).]

V. D. DANTYAGI, Joint Secy.

MINISTRY OF LABOUR

New Delhi, the 15th November 1950

**S.R.O. 919.**—In pursuance of section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (XIV of 1947) the Central Government is pleased to publish the Order of the All India Industrial Tribunal (Bank Disputes), constituted by Order of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour, No. LR-2(205) dated the 13th June, 1949, in the matter of the complaint in this behalf under section 33-A of the said Act.

BEFORE THE ALL INDIA INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL (BANK DISPUTES.)  
BOMBAY

ADJUDICATION

BETWEEN

Messrs. G. E. Shivdekar and other employees of the United Commercial Bank, Limited, Bombay.

AND

The United Commercial Bank, Limited, Bombay.  
In the matter of a complaint under section 33A of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 in respect of the non-payment of the annual increments due in the month of July 1950.

*Present :*

Mr. K. P. Lakshmana Rao, Chairman.

*Appearances :*

Mr. N. V. Phadke, Advocate, for G. E. Shivdekar and others.

Mr. Tanubhai D. Desai, Advocate, for the United Commercial Bank, Limited.

ORDER

The question of giving annual increments is under the active consideration of the authorities and it follows that the conditions of service have not been altered. The complaint is, therefore, premature and the authorities hope to make their decision by 31st December 1950. In the circumstances the complaint is dismissed as premature with liberty to the parties to apply afresh should it become necessary.

K. P. LAKSHMANA RAO,  
*Chairman.*

BOMBAY;

The 25th October, 1950.

[No. LR-90(70)I]

**S.R.O. 920.**—In pursuance of section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (XIV of 1947) the Central Government is pleased to publish the Order of the All India Industrial Tribunal (Bank Disputes), constituted by Order of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour, No. LR-2(205) dated the 13th June, 1949, in the matter of the complaint in this behalf under section 20 of the Industrial Disputes (Appellate Tribunal) Act, 1950.

BEFORE THE ALL INDIA INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL (BANK DISPUTES),  
BOMBAY  
ADJUDICATION  
BETWEEN

The Imperial Bank of India Staff Association, (Bombay Circle) Poona,

AND

The Imperial Bank of India, (Bombay Circle).

In the matter of an application under section 20 of the Industrial Disputes (Appellate Tribunal Act, 1950 in respect of the Tribunal's Award dated the 17th October 1949 published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary* dated the 17th November 1949 at pp. 2291-2294.

*Present :*

Mr. K. P. Lukshmana Rao, Chairman.

*Appearances :*

Mr. N. V. Phadke, Advocate, with Messrs. P. P. Erande and G. S. Aphale, for the Association.

Mr. M. G. R. Aitken for the Bank.

### ORDER

This is an application under section 20 of the Industrial Disputes (Appellate Tribunal) Act, 1950 by the Imperial Bank of India Staff Association (Bombay Circle), Poona, for determining the amount payable to Mr. M. B. Saraiya and others in terms of the Tribunal's award dated the 17th October 1949 granting interim relief to the employees in Banking Companies covered by Schedule I to Ministry of Labour Notification No. LR.2(212) dated the 19th June, 1949 and having head offices, branches, etc., in the State of Bombay.

Mr. Phadke for the Association contended that in implementing the Tribunal's award of the 17th October the bank should have first adjusted the pay of the employees on a point to point basis as per Divatia award dated the 8th April 1947 without taking into consideration the efficiency bar in the pay scales prescribed by him. By adopting this procedure, Mr. Phadke argued that Mr. Saraiya would have been entitled to an interim relief on Rs. 24. Mr. Phadke further pointed out that the bank in implementing the Divatia Award had followed a point to point adjustment and that the same adjudicator in his award for Ahmedabad employees had directed the bank to make a similar adjustment.

Mr. Aitken on behalf of the bank, contended that the Tribunal's award nowhere provides that the calculation as shown by Mr. Phadke should be adopted in determining the amount of interim relief and that the award in paragraph 6 speaks only of the pay as awarded by Divatia J. and not the method adopted by the bank in implementing the award. He also pointed out that the Imperial Bank in Bombay had not adopted the point to point method of adjustment in its entirety although as a result of the adjustment it appeared as if it was a point to point adjustment.

There were four grades with three efficiency bars in the salary scales prescribed by Divatia J. in his award in respect of specified banking companies in Bombay including the Imperial Bank of India and the banks were required to pay salaries according to the new grades from 1st July 1946. Promotion to higher grade was dependant on various factors including efficiency and for that reason the bigger banks were directed to make their own adjustment of the salaries with the new grades in a manner consistent with the standing and efficiency of the employees. The salaries were accordingly adjusted by the Imperial Bank

of India and the interim award of 17th October 1949 does not prescribe a different method of adjustment. In this view it was rightly conceded that the method adopted by the Imperial Bank in implementing the award of 17th October 1949 in respect of Mr. Saraiya and others was correct and it follows that the present application is untenable. The application is accordingly dismissed.

K. P. LAKSHMANA RAO,  
*Chairman.*

BOMBAY,  
26th October, 1950.

[No. L.R. 90(70)/II.]

N. C. KUPPUSWAMI, Under Secy.

### ORDER

*New Delhi, the 18th November 1950*

**S.R.O. 921.**—Whereas an industrial dispute has arisen between Thakur Mahadeo Singh and Sons, Labour Contractor and his Principal, B. I. S. N. Co. Ltd., Calcutta, on the one hand and the workmen employed by Thakur Mahadeo Singh and Sons on the other, regarding the matters specified in the Schedule hereto annexed;

And whereas the Central Government considers it desirable to refer the dispute for adjudication;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (2) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (XIV of 1947), the Central Government is pleased to refer the said dispute for adjudication to the Central Government Industrial Tribunal, Calcutta, constituted under section 7 of the said Act.

### SCHEDULE

1. Whether the existing wages of the workers are adequate? If not, whether this should be increased and to what extent?
2. Whether the sirdars should be paid a supervisory allowance of Rs. 20/- per month in addition to the usual wages paid to the ordinary workers?
3. Whether the retrenchment or dismissal of the workers since 17th March 1950 were an act of victimisation by the employer, and if so, whether all or some of the workers should be reinstated and if so, who?
4. Whether the workers should be all registered? if so, under what procedure?
5. Whether the workers should be granted leave with pay and facilities of Provident Fund, and whether their service conditions should be laid down, if so, what rules should be prescribed for both?
6. Whether the existing unequal size of labour gangs should be abolished and an equal size of 12 men in each should be introduced and whether such gangs should be given work strictly by rotation?
7. Whether the Port Mazdoor Panchayat should be recognised by the employer?
8. Whether the contract system should be abolished and workers decasualised directly under the Principal of the contractor?

[No. I.R-2(301)]

S. MULLICK, Deputy Secy.

**MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE**

*New Delhi, the 11th November 1950*

**S.R.O. 922.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause 3 of the Sugar and Gui Control Order 1950, the Central Government is pleased to fix Rs 46-12-0 (forty-six annas twelve) only per ton as the minimum price to be paid by the Indian Sugars & Refineries Ltd., Hospet (Madras) for sugarcane purchased by them during the 1950-51 crushing season.

[No. SV-101(1)/50-51]

N. T. MONE, Joint Secy.

New Delhi, the 18th November, 1950.

**S.R.O. 923.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause 2(a) of Vegetable Oil Products Control Order 1947 as subsequently amended *vide* Ministry of Agriculture Notification No. 2-VP(2)48, dated the 9th October, 1948, the Vegetable Oil Products Controller for India is hereby pleased to confer upon the officers specified in Col. 2 of the schedule hereto annexed in respect of their respective jurisdiction in the State mentioned in Column 1, the powers of the Controller under clause 8-A of the said Order.

## THE SCHEDULE

<i>State</i>	<i>Designation of authority</i>
1	2
Uttar Pradesh--	1. Medical Officers of Health. 2. Supply Officers.

[No. 2-VP(2)/50.]

N. T. MONE.

Vegetable Oil Products Controller for India.

MINISTRY OF FINANCE (REVENUE DIVISION)

## CENTRAL EXCISES

*New Delhi, the 18th November 1950*

**S.R.O. 924.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 37 of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (I of 1944), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendments shall be made in the Central Excise Rules, 1944, namely:—

In the said rules—

I. In rule 32—

(i) in sub-rule (1),

(a) in clauses (a) and (b), except in the proviso to clause (a), after the word "carried", wherever it occurs, the words "or transported" shall be inserted;

(b) in the proviso to clause (a), for the word "removed", the word "transported" shall be substituted;

(ji) for sub-rule (2), the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“(2) If any person

(a) carries or transports such tobacco without a valid permit, certificate or sale note, or

(b) while carrying or transporting such tobacco, does not, on request by an officer, forthwith produce a valid permit or certificate or sale note, as the case may be, or

(c) enters any particulars in the certificate or sale note in respect of any such tobacco, which are, or which he has reason to believe to be, false,

he shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one thousand rupees, and the tobacco in respect of which the offence is committed shall be liable to confiscation."

## II. In rule 33—

(i) in sub-rule (1), after the word "carried", wherever it occurs, the words "or transported" shall be inserted;

(ii) for sub-rule (2), the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"(2) If any person

(a) removes such products otherwise than as provided in sub-rule (1), or

(b) carries or transports such products without a valid permit or certificate, or

(c) while carrying or transporting such products, does not, on request by an officer, forthwith produce a valid permit or certificate, as the case may be, or

(d) enters any particulars in the certificate in respect of any such products, which are, or which he has reason to believe to be, false,

he shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one thousand rupees, and the products in respect of which the offence is committed shall be liable to confiscation."

[No. 25]

D. P. ANAND, Dy. Secy.

## CUSTOMS

*New Delhi, the 18th November 1950.*

**S.R.O. 925.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Central Government is pleased to appoint all the officers of Central Excise of the Shillong Collectorate, working as Preventive Officers on the Indo-Burma border, to be Officers of Customs for their respective jurisdictions and to exercise the powers conferred, and perform the duties imposed on such officers by the said Act.

[No. 140.]

K. R. P. AIYANGAR, Joint Secy.

## CENTRAL BOARD OF REVENUE

### INCOME-TAX

*New Delhi, the 18th November 1950.*

**S.R.O. 926.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of Section 59 of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922 (XI of 1922), the Central Board of Revenue is pleased to direct that the following further amendments shall be



made in the Indian Income tax Rules, 1922, the same having been previously published as required by sub-section (4) of the said Section, namely:—

In the said Rules—

- (i) In Rule 16 for the word and figures 'Rs. 1,600' the word and figures 'Rs. 3,000' shall be substituted.
- (ii) In Rule 17 for the word and figures 'Rs. 1,600' wherever they occur in the certificate at the end of the form, the word and figures 'Rs. 3,000' shall be substituted.

[No. 129.]

**S.R.O. 927.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of Section 59 of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922, (XI of 1922), the Central Board of Revenue directs that the following further amendment shall be made in the Indian Income-tax Rules, 1922, the same having been previously published as required by sub-section (4) of the said section namely:—

“Rule 19A of the said Rules shall be omitted.”

[No. 180.]

PYARE LAL, Secy.

### CUSTOMS

*New Delhi, the 18th November 1950*

**S.R.O. 928.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 9 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Central Board of Revenue makes the following rules prescribing and limiting the powers and duties of the officers of Central Excise, who have been appointed Officers of Customs by the Notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Finance (Revenue Division) No. 140-Customs' dated the 18th November 1950, namely:—

### Rules

(1) The Officers of Central Excise, who have been appointed Officers of Customs by the said notification are authorised for the purpose of preventing smuggling and to enforce prohibitions or restrictions issued under section 19 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), on the import and export by land of goods, to exercise within their respective jurisdictions all the powers conferred by Chapter XVII of the said Act on Officers of Customs duly employed for that purpose.

(2) The Deputy Collector of Central Excise, Shillong, who has been appointed Officer of Customs by the aforesaid notification shall perform the duties of a Customs Collector in his jurisdiction.

[No. 141.]

**S.R.O. 929.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Land Customs Act, 1924 (XIX of 1924), the Central Board of Revenue directs that

the following amendments shall be made in its notification No. 61-Customs, dated the 1st July 1950, namely —

The Schedule annexed with the said notification shall be substituted by the following Schedule:—

### SCHEDULE

Land Customs Stations	Routes by which alone goods shall pass.
1	2
Land Customs areas under the jurisdiction of the Collector of Central Excise and Land Customs Shillong.	
<i>Tripura State</i>	
Ragna (in Dharamnagar Division)	(i) the motorable road from Dharamnagar to Ragna. (ii) the portion of the Juri River lying between Dhermanagar and Ragna.
Manu (in Kailashahar Division)	(i) River Manu from Fatikrai to Manughat. (ii) the foot track from Takirambari to Manughat. (iii) the foot track from Fatikrai to Manughat. (iv) motorable road from Kailashahar to Samshearnagar.
Dhalaighat (in Kamalpur Sub-Division)	(i) the River Dhalai from Halahali to Dhalaighat checking Station. (ii) the road from Halahali to Kamalpur.
Khowaighat (in Khowai Division)	(i) the river Khowai from Tellamura to Khowaighat. (ii) the road from Kalyanpur to Khowaighat.
Sidhal (in Sadar Division)	(i) the road from Ahartola passing through Sidhal. (ii) the road between Sidhal and Mantala.
Agartola (in Sadar Division)	The road between Agartola and Akhaura Road Police outpost.
Mantali (in Sadar Division)	(i) the river Howarah upto Mantalighat. (ii) the Agartola—Magra Road.
Kamalasagar (in Sadar Division)	The road from Bisalgarh to Kamalasagar.
Kamthana (in Sadar Division)	The portion of the Buriganga river from Bisalgarh to Kamthana.
Savarmuraghat (in Sonamura Division)	(i) the river Gumti. (ii) Udaipur Comilla Road.
Kakrighat (in Sonamura Division)	The river Kakri.
Muhurighat (in Belonia Division)	(i) The river Muhuri upto Muhurighat. (ii) The road from Muhurighat leading to Belonia Railway Station.
Radhanagar (in Belonia Division)	Chouddagram—Dhala Road.
Metai (in Belonia Division)	The local foot tracks.
Hariseyamukh (in Belonia Division)	The local foot track.
Amlighat (in Sub-room Division)	(i) Feni river. (ii) The road from Amlighat leading to Subharpur.
Betaga Ludhna (in Subroom Division)	(i) The river Manu from Manubazar to Ludhna. (ii) The river Feni from Betaga—Ludhna to Amlighat.
Magroom	(i) Devcheria. (ii) Bagachatalcheria. (iii) Local foot tracks.

**S.R.O. 930.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 9 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878) and all other powers enabling it in that behalf and in supersession of its notification No. 33-Customs, dated the 24th July 1948, the Central Board of Revenue makes the following rules for the manufacture or assembly of motor vehicles from materials and parts imported and warehoused under the provisions of section 92 of the said Act:—

### *Rules*

1. (1) An application for permission generally to manufacture or assemble motor vehicles in bond shall be made through the Collector of Customs concerned to the Central Board of Revenue

(2) Where permission has been granted generally by the Central Board of Revenue under sub-rule (1), the Collector of Customs may allow bonding and rebonding of the entire factory or parts thereof as and when applied for in such manner as he thinks fit.

2. All persons and companies obtaining such permission shall enter into a bond in the form set out in the Appendix to these rules binding themselves

- (i) to provide the bonded factory and any rooms as may be required to the satisfaction of the Customs Collector;
- (ii) to provide such offices (including furniture and fittings) as may be required by the Customs Collector for his staff;
- (iii) to observe all such rules as may be prescribed in respect of the motor vehicles in bond;
- (iv) to observe all the conditions of the licence for a private warehouse granted under section 16 of the said Act;
- (v) to maintain a detailed account of all materials consumed in connection with the operations in bond and to keep such accounts open to Customs inspection whenever demanded;
- (vi) to submit a detailed statement of all materials used whenever required by the Customs Collector;
- (vii) to pay on demand all duties and charges together with interest, if any, at 6 per cent per annum on the same from the date of such demand in respect of all materials imported and used for such manufacture or assembly and packing which have not been accounted for to the satisfaction of the Customs Collector and to discharge all penalties incurred for the violation of the rules framed for this purpose;
- (viii) to pay the salaries including allowances, leave and pensionary charges, of such establishment as may, from time to time, be appointed by the Central Board of Revenue for the supervision of such manufacture;
- (ix) to provide distinguishing marks and numbers (engine number and chassis/serial number) on the motor vehicles and on their containers if they are packed for export to enable a check to be kept on the export of such goods and their re-entry into India.
- (x) to observe all such supplementary rules which the Chief Customs Officer may, consistent with these Rules, notify from time to time for such manufacture or assembly.

3. In the case of fraud committed or attempted to be committed by the manufacturers or by any person in their employ, the goods in respect of which such fraud has been committed or attempted shall be liable to confiscation and

the bond shall be liable to forfeiture, in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed under sub-section (1) of section 187 of the said Act.

4. (1) An approved applicant (hereinafter referred to as the manufacturer which term shall include an assembler) shall, whenever he desires to take imported materials into use for the manufacture or assembly of motor vehicles in bond, submit a written application to the Customs Collector specifying the date and time proposed for the operation, the number of units and the category thereof of each vehicle proposed to be manufactured, the marks of the packages from which withdrawals are to be made and the particulars of the bond under which the goods were warehoused on first importation. Such applications which shall be termed "Issue Applications" shall, in every case, be accompanied by

- (a) a fresh bond in terms of section 92 of the said Act for the goods to be withdrawn under the Issue Application (the date of this bond to be the date of the earliest bond covering the goods or any part of the goods required for the operations);
- (b) a factory Warehousing Bill of Entry for goods covered by the Issue Application;
- (c) a statement showing separately the various non-duty paid and domestic (including duty paid) materials intended to be used in manufacture.

NOTE:—No drawback is permissible on duty paid materials used in the manufacture in bond.

(2) The Customs Collector shall thereupon cause a record of the particulars furnished in the Issue Application to be made in a register to be maintained for the purpose and after recording the particulars shall send the Issue Application to the Officer-in-charge of the factory (hereinafter referred to as the Bond Officer).

(3) When the factory is continuously employed on manufacturing operations in bond, the Customs Collector may authorise the Bond Officer to receive such Issue Applications on his behalf. When the manufacturer makes the Application direct to the Bond Officer, the application shall be made in duplicate to enable the duplicate copy to be forwarded to the Customs Collector.

5. (1) On receipt of the Issue Application the Bond Officer shall, after he has checked the bonded materials withdrawn from each package and record all such withdrawals in the register to be maintained for the purpose, permit removal of such materials to that portion of the factory in which it is required. Domestic (including duty paid) materials specified in the Issue Application shall be allowed by the Bond Officer to be brought into the factory for use in connection with the operations in the warehouse. No domestic material shall otherwise be brought into the factory.

(2) The Collector of Customs may make regulations from time to time restricting or prescribing conditions for the use of such bonded materials in the factory as may require to undergo a process of manufacture before they are ready to be used in the assembly of motor vehicles.

(3) The machinery necessary in the factory for the manufacture or assembly of units and all consumable articles needed in the course of manufacture and also for maintenance must either be indigenous or have had duty paid thereon.

(4) All containers of materials (non-duty paid) emptied as a result of the operations in bond shall be cleared by the manufacturer on payment of duty (at the rate of duty applicable to such containers). The manufacturer may, however, utilise these emptied containers for the shipment of his goods ex bond. A detailed record of such use shall, in these cases, be maintained.

6. (1) Each motor vehicle manufactured or assembled in the factory shall be given a distinguishing mark and number which shall be embossed or engraved boldly on each engine.

(2) Thereafter such units as is desired by the manufacturer shall be packed in cases under Customs supervision, all such cases being immediately marked with appropriate marks and numbers. The cases shall also be marked in conspicuous lettering with the words "ex bond" and the cases will, thereafter, be sealed in accordance with the requirements of the Customs Collector.

7. (1) The Bond Officer will cause all manufactured or assembled units to be stored in the Storage Enclosure pending shipment or clearance for home consumption.

(2) The Bond Officer shall maintain a register in which he will show the number and particulars of completed units received in the Storage Enclosure and delivered therefrom.

8. The particulars of the marks and numbers of the units shall be endorsed on the relative Issue Applications. The Applications duly endorsed shall be presented to the Custom House in due course to enable the necessary shipping bill for the shipment of goods ex bond or the clearance Bill of entry for home consumption to be passed by the Customs Collector. These documents shall contain full particulars showing in detail description and value of both imported (non-duty paid) and domestic (including duty paid) materials contained in the consignment in question.

9. In case of motor vehicles taken into home consumption duty shall be levied on the non-duty paid material contained in the consignment so cleared. The rate of duty applicable will be the rate in force on the day when the goods are actually cleared from the factory and the valuation and the tariff classification will be on the basis of the value and the identity of the non-duty paid materials taken into manufacture for each component unit in the factory.

10. The Customs Collector at the request of the manufacturer may cause or permit any refuse, damaged or surplus goods remaining after such manufacture or assembly (or at the like request any goods which may not be worth the duty) to be destroyed and may remit duty paid thereon.

11. (1) The Customs Collector may at his discretion have samples drawn at any stage of manufacture for the purpose of such examination and test as he deems fit.

(2) The Customs Collector may also at his discretion permit the drawing of samples (in such quantities as he deems fit) by the manufacturer. Duty calculated in the manner stated in rule 9 will be leviable on such samples.

12. (1) The bonded factory shall be under Customs supervision at all times when work is proceeding and the manufacturer shall bear the cost of such supervision.

(2) All rooms of the factory shall, when in use for the manufacture in bond, be padlocked, and the keys shall remain in the custody of the Bond Officer or any other officer of the Customs authorised in this behalf by the Customs Collector.

18. (1) On ordinary working days the hours of work shall be any continuous period of 8 hours between 6 a. m. and 6 p. m. as may be convenient to the manufacturer. Overtime fees shall be payable by the bonders for any work in excess of this period. Attendance of the Bond Officer or any other officer of Customs required outside these hours may be arranged for on timely notice being given to the Customs Collector or such officer authorised to receive these applications and on payment of the usual overtime fees.

(2) Work on holidays, other than closed holidays, may also be permitted subject to the payment of overtime fees.

(3) Work will ordinarily not be permitted on Sundays and closed holidays, but may in exceptional circumstances be permitted by the Customs Collector on payment of overtime fees at the rate of Rs. 2 per hour per officer (including the Bond Inspector, who exercises general supervision over all bond work performed at the port), subject to a minimum of Rs. 10 per officer.

## APPENDIX

### FORM OF BOND

Know all men by these presents that..... I/We .....and now of..... am/are bound to the President of the Indian Union in the sum of rupees.....to be paid to the President of the Indian Union on demand for which payment

I bind myself, my heirs and legal representatives

We bind ourselves and each of us, our and each of our heirs and legal representatives. And

I do hereby for myself my heirs and legal representatives

We do hereby, for ourselves and each of us, our and each of our heirs and legal representatives covenant with the President of the Indian Union his successors and assigns that if any suit shall be brought touching the subject matter of this obligation or the condition hereunder written in any Court subject to the superintendence of the High Court of Judicature at.....other than the said High Court in its original jurisdiction the same shall and may at the instance of the President of the Indian Union be removed into, tried and determined by the said High Court in its extraordinary original jurisdiction.

Sealed with my/our seal(s) dated this                      day of

Whereas the above bounden... has/have applied to the Central Board of Revenue and obtained permission to remove from the Custom House at ..... to the bonded Motor Vehicles Factory at..... all the materials (or such portion thereof as may be required) which the said..... may from time to time import from foreign ports without payment of the duty payable thereon under the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (XXXII of 1934), for the manufacture under Customs supervision in the aforesaid factory of motor vehicles.

Now the condition of this bond is that if the said.....shall ..... provide a bonded factory to the satisfaction of the Central Board of Revenue at .....

And if the said.....shall observe all the rules prescribed in the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), to be observed by owners of goods warehoused and by persons obtaining permission to warehouse goods under the provisions thereof and all rules now or hereafter to be prescribed in respect of bonded motor vehicles factories.

And if the said..... shall pay to the Officer-in-charge of the Custom House at the Port of all dues whether Customs duties, warehouse dues, rent or other lawful charges which shall be demandable on the said goods or on account of penalties incurred in respect to them within.....from the date of demand thereof being made in writing by the said Officer-in-charge of the Custom House or within such further time as the Chief Customs Authority shall allow in that behalf together with interest on every such sum at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from the date of such demand.

And if within the terms so fixed or enlarged in respect of the said goods or any portion thereof having been removed from the said motor vehicles factory for home consumption or re-exportation by sea the full amount of all Customs duties, warehouse dues, rent and other lawful charges, penalties and interest demandable as aforesaid shall have been first paid on the whole of the said goods.

And if the said.....shall pay the emoluments etc., of such establishment as shall from time to time be appointed by the Central Board of Revenue for the supervision of such manufacture as aforesaid.

Then this obligation shall be void.

Otherwise and on breach or failure in the performance of this condition or any part thereof the same shall be in full force.

Signed and delivered by the above bounden in the presence of.....

[No. 148.]

D. P. ANAND, Secy.

